UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 OR 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report: July 22, 2008 (Date of earliest event reported)

CINCINNATI FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio 0-4604 31-0746871
(State or other jurisdiction (Commission (I.R.S. Employer of incorporation) File Number) Identification No.)
6200 S. Gilmore Road, Fairfield, Ohio 45014-5141

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (513) 870-2000

 NI/Δ

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13a-4(c))

Item 1.01 Entry into a Material Definitive Agreement. Item 7.01 Regulation FD.

(Address of principal executive offices)

On July 22, 2008, Cincinnati Financial Corporation issued a news release entitled, "Cincinnati Financial Corporation Reduces Stake in Fifth Third Bancorp." The news release described a block sale of Fifth Third Bancorp (NASDAQ: FITB) common stock held by The Cincinnati Insurance Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of Cincinnati Financial Corporation.

Cincinnati Insurance entered into an arrangement with Lehman Brothers Inc., in which Cincinnati Insurance agreed to sell, and Lehman Brothers, Inc. agreed to buy the block of 35 million shares of Fifth Third Bancorp common stock at a price of \$13.75875 per share, for total proceeds to Cincinnati Insurance of \$481,556,250. As a condition of the sale, Cincinnati Insurance, and its subsidiaries and affiliates agreed not to sell additional shares of Fifth Third Bancorp for 45 days. The arrangement contemplates a closing not later than July 25, 2008.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(c) Exhibits

Exhibit 99.1 – News release dated July 23, 2008, "Cincinnati Financial Corporation Reduces Stake in Fifth Third Bancorp"

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

CINCINNATI FINANCIAL CORPORATION

Date: July 25, 2008 /S/Steven J. Johnston

Steven J. Johnston, FCAS, MAAA, CFA Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer

CINCINNATI FINANCIAL CORPORATION

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Media Contact: Joan O. Shevchik 513-603-5323 Media_Inquiries@cinfin.com

Cincinnati Financial Corporation Reduces Stake in Fifth Third Bancorp

· Sells Fifth Third common stock generating net proceeds of approximately \$360 million

Cincinnati, July 23, 2008 – Cincinnati Financial Corporation (NASDAQ: CINF) today announced the block sale of slightly more than half of the company's Fifth Third Bancorp (NASDAQ: FITB) common stock holding. The transaction is expected to generate total proceeds of approximately \$480 million, which will be reduced by capital gains taxes of approximately \$120 million. The net after-tax gain of approximately \$225 million, or about \$1.35 per share, will be included in third-quarter 2008 net income.

Kenneth W. Stecher, president and chief executive officer, commented, "In recent years, at times we have taken action to reduce our exposure to companies that have reduced or eliminated their dividend, helping protect our capital and future investment income. Since June, we carefully have studied our options for our Fifth Third holding and feel we are exercising appropriate sell discipline in light of the dividend reduction. We also view this diversifying action to be consistent with our view of prudent enterprise risk management for our policyholders and shareholders. Going forward, we will evaluate our remaining Fifth Third position, along with that of all of our common stocks, using our company's investment parameters and risk tolerances."

Stecher added, "Over the coming months, we anticipate systematically reinvesting the \$360 million net proceeds of the sale in fixed maturity and equity investments. We believe we can reinvest to achieve our longstanding portfolio objectives of balancing near-term income generation and the potential for long-term book value growth. In the short term, we do not expect to be able to replace the investment income lost due to Fifth Third's dividend reduction."

The shares sold were owned by The Cincinnati Insurance Company, a subsidiary company. After the transaction, Cincinnati Financial and its subsidiaries hold approximately 5.5 percent of the bank's total common shares outstanding as of June 30, 2008. Based on June 30 market values, Fifth Third would be one of Cincinnati's three largest equity holdings. At the current dividend payout, the remaining Fifth Third shares should contribute approximately \$5 million to Cincinnati's quarterly dividend income. The sale of the company's Fifth Third stake was executed pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Stecher concluded, "We believe we are taking the appropriate actions to position us for a return to our record of annual investment income growth, while protecting our capital position."

Cincinnati Financial Corporation offers property and casualty insurance, our main business, through our three standard market companies, The Cincinnati Insurance Company, The Cincinnati Indemnity Company and The Cincinnati Casualty Company. The Cincinnati Specialty Underwriters Insurance Company provides excess and surplus lines property and casualty insurance. The Cincinnati Life Insurance Company markets life and disability income insurance and annuities. CSU Producer Resources, Inc. is our excess and surplus lines brokerage, serving the same local independent agencies that offer our standard market policies. CFC Investment Company offers commercial leasing and financial services. CinFin Capital Management Company provides asset management services to institutions, corporations and individuals. For additional i nformation about the company, please visit www.cinfin.com.

Mailing Address: P.O. Box 145496 Cincinnati, Ohio 45250-5496 Street Address: 6200 South Gilmore Road Fairfield, Ohio 45014-5141 This is our "Safe Harbor" statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Our business is subject to certain risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements in this report. Some of those risks and uncertainties are discussed in our 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K, Item 1A, Risk Factors, Page 21. Although we often review and update our forward-looking statements when events warrant, we caution our readers that we undertake no obligation to do so.

Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to:

- Unusually high levels of catastrophe losses due to risk concentrations, changes in weather patterns, environmental events, terrorism incidents or other causes
- · Events or conditions that could weaken or harm the company's relationships with its independent agencies and hamper opportunities to add new agencies, resulting in limitations on the company's opportunities for growth, such as:
 - O Multi-notch downgrades of the company's financial strength ratings
 - O Concerns that doing business with the company is too difficult or
 - O Perceptions that the company's level of service, particularly claims service, is no longer a distinguishing characteristic in the marketplace
- Further decline in overall stock market values negatively affecting the company's equity portfolio and book value; in particular further
 declines in the market value of financial sector stocks, including Fifth Third Bancorp
- Securities laws that could limit the manner, timing and volume of our investment transactions
- Events, such as the credit crisis triggered by subprime mortgage lending practices, that lead to:
 - Significant decline in the value of a particular security or group of securities, such as our financial sector holdings, and impairment of the asset(s)
 - O Significant decline in investment income due to reduced or eliminated dividend payouts from a particular security or group of securities
- Recession or other economic conditions or regulatory, accounting or tax changes resulting in lower demand for insurance products
- Prolonged low interest rate environment or other factors that limit the company's ability to generate growth in investment income or interest-rate fluctuations that result in declining values of fixed-maturity investments
- · Inaccurate estimates or assumptions used for critical accounting estimates
- Events or actions, including unauthorized intentional circumvention of controls, that reduce the company's future ability to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- · Changing consumer buying habits and consolidation of independent insurance agencies that could alter our competitive advantages
- Increased frequency and/or severity of claims
- Delays or inadequacies in the development, implementation, performance and benefits of technology projects and enhancements
- Ability to obtain adequate reinsurance on acceptable terms, amount of reinsurance purchased, financial strength of reinsurers and the
 potential for non-payment or delay in payment by reinsurers
- Increased competition that could result in a significant reduction in the company's premium growth rate
- Underwriting and pricing methods adopted by competitors that could allow them to identify and flexibly price risks, which could decrease our competitive advantages
- Personal lines pricing and loss trends that lead management to conclude that this segment could not attain sustainable profitability, which could prevent the capitalization of policy acquisition costs
 - Actions of insurance departments, state attorneys general or other regulatory agencies that:
 - O Restrict our ability to exit or reduce writings of unprofitable coverages or lines of business
 - O Place the insurance industry under greater regulatory scrutiny or result in new statutes, rules and regulations
 - O Increase our expenses
 - Add assessments for guaranty funds, other insurance related assessments or mandatory reinsurance arrangements; or that impair our ability to recover such assessments through future surcharges or other rate changes
 - O Limit our ability to set fair, adequate and reasonable rates
 - O Place us at a disadvantage in the marketplace or
 - O Restrict our ability to execute our business model, including the way we compensate agents
 - Adverse outcomes from litigation or administrative proceedings
- Unforeseen departure of certain executive officers or other key employees due to retirement, health or other causes that could interrupt
 progress toward important strategic goals or diminish the effectiveness of certain longstanding relationships with insurance agents and
 others
- Investment activities or market value fluctuations that trigger restrictions applicable to the parent company under the Investment Company
- Events, such as an epidemic, natural catastrophe, terrorism or construction delays, that could hamper our ability to assemble our workforce at our headquarters location

Further, the company's insurance businesses are subject to the effects of changing social, economic and regulatory environments. Public and regulatory initiatives have included efforts to adversely influence and restrict premium rates, restrict the ability to cancel policies, impose underwriting standards and expand overall regulation. The company also is subject to public and regulatory initiatives that can affect the market value for its common stock, such as recent measures affecting corporate financial reporting and governance. The ultimate changes and eventual effects, if any, of these initiatives are uncertain.

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