

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K  
CURRENT REPORT  
Pursuant to Section 13 OR 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report: April 27, 2020  
(Date of earliest event reported)

**CINCINNATI FINANCIAL CORPORATION**  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)	0-4604 (Commission File Number)	31-0746871 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
6200 S. Gilmore Road (Address of principal executive offices)	Fairfield, Ohio	45014-5141 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (513) 870-2000

N/A  
(Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock	CINF	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13a-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§203.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

- ☐ Emerging growth company
- ☐ If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

**Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.**

On April 27, 2020, Cincinnati Financial Corporation issued the attached news release titled “Cincinnati Financial Reports First-Quarter 2020 Results,” furnished as Exhibit 99.1 hereto and incorporated herein by reference. On April 27, 2020, the company also distributed the attached information titled “Supplemental Financial Data,” furnished as Exhibit 99.2 hereto and incorporated herein by reference.

This report should not be deemed an admission as to the materiality of any information contained in the news releases or supplemental financial data.

In accordance with general instruction B.2 of Form 8-K, the information furnished in this report shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, nor shall such information be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

**Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.**

(c) Exhibits

**Exhibit 99.1** – [News release dated April 27, 2020 "Cincinnati Financial Reports First-Quarter 2020 Results"](#)

**Exhibit 99.2** – [Supplemental Financial Data for the period ending March 31, 2020, distributed April 27, 2020.](#)

**Exhibit 104** – The cover page from this Current Report on Form 8-K, formatted as Inline XBRL

**Signature**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

CINCINNATI FINANCIAL CORPORATION

Date: April 27, 2020

/s/ Michael J. Sewell

Michael J. Sewell, CPA

Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Treasurer

(Principal Accounting Officer)



The Cincinnati Insurance Company n The Cincinnati Indemnity Company  
The Cincinnati Casualty Company n The Cincinnati Specialty Underwriters Insurance Company  
The Cincinnati Life Insurance Company n CFC Investment Company n CSU Producer Resources Inc.  
Cincinnati Global Underwriting Ltd. n Cincinnati Global Underwriting Agency Ltd.

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## Cincinnati Financial Reports First-Quarter 2020 Results

**Cincinnati, April 27, 2020 – Cincinnati Financial Corporation (Nasdaq: CINF)** today reported:

- First-quarter 2020 net loss of \$1.226 billion, or \$7.56 per share, compared with net income of \$695 million, or \$4.22 per share, in the first quarter of 2019, after recognizing a \$1.303 billion first-quarter 2020 reduction in the fair value of equity securities still held.
- \$35 million or 20% decrease in non-GAAP operating income\* to \$137 million, or 84 cents per share, compared with \$172 million, or \$1.05 per share, in the first quarter of last year.
- \$1.921 billion decrease in first-quarter 2020 net income, primarily due to the after-tax net effect of a \$1.886 billion decrease in net investment gains and a \$53 million decrease in after-tax property casualty underwriting income, including \$41 million from weather-related catastrophe losses.
- \$50.02 book value per share at March 31, 2020, down \$10.53 or 17.4% since year-end.
- Negative 16.4% value creation ratio for the first three months of 2020, compared with positive 11.1% for the same period of 2019.

### Financial Highlights

(Dollars in millions, except per share data)

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2020	2019	% Change
<b>Revenue Data</b>			
Earned premiums	\$ 1,456	\$ 1,333	9
Investment income, net of expenses	165	157	5
Total revenues	(99)	2,159	nm
<b>Income Statement Data</b>			
Net income (loss)	\$ (1,226)	\$ 695	nm
Investment gains and losses, after-tax	(1,363)	523	nm
Non-GAAP operating income*	\$ 137	\$ 172	(20)
<b>Per Share Data (diluted)</b>			
Net income (loss)	\$ (7.56)	\$ 4.22	nm
Investment gains and losses, after-tax	(8.40)	3.17	nm
Non-GAAP operating income*	\$ 0.84	\$ 1.05	(20)
Book value	\$ 50.02	\$ 52.88	(5)
Cash dividend declared	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.56	7
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	162.2	164.6	(1)

\* The Definitions of Non-GAAP Information and Reconciliation to Comparable GAAP Measures defines and reconciles measures presented in this release that are not based on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

\*\* Forward-looking statements and related assumptions are subject to the risks outlined in the company's safe harbor statement.

CINF 1Q20 Release 1

**Insurance Operations Highlights**

- 98.5% first-quarter 2020 property casualty combined ratio, up from 93.0% for the first quarter of 2019.
- 10% growth in first-quarter net written premiums, reflecting price increases and premium growth initiatives.
- \$215 million first-quarter 2020 property casualty new business written premiums, up 19%. Agencies appointed since the beginning of 2019 contributed \$18 million or 8% of total new business written premiums.
- \$13 million first-quarter 2020 life insurance subsidiary net loss, including a \$25 million net investment loss reflecting impaired securities, and 4% growth in first-quarter 2020 term life insurance earned premiums.

**Investment and Balance Sheet Highlights**

- 5% or \$8 million increase in first-quarter 2020 pretax investment income, including a 15% increase for stock portfolio dividends and a 1% increase for bond interest income.
- Three-month decrease of 9% in fair value of total investments at March 31, 2020, including a 20% decrease for the stock portfolio and a 3% decrease for the bond portfolio.
- \$2.566 billion parent company cash and marketable securities at March 31, 2020, down 23% from year-end 2019.

**Resilient**

Steven J. Johnston, president and chief executive officer, commented: "This COVID-19 pandemic is something none of us ever expected to experience. Our thoughts go out to all of those who are suffering personally and professionally as our country faces this new enemy.

"As insurance professionals we are in the business of planning for the unexpected. Our robust business continuity plans allowed us to quickly and seamlessly transition 95% of our headquarters associates to working from their homes. Our field associates, who work from their homes as standard practice, ensured that service levels remained high, supporting our agents and responding to policyholders. I thank all of our associates for their dedication and innovation over the past few weeks.

"Understanding the stress this puts on our policyholders, we are offering many options for relief: a 15% Stay-at-Home credit per policy in April and May for personal lines auto policyholders; pausing cancellations due to nonpayment of premium and waiving late fees until at least May 31 for personal and commercial policyholders; waiving restrictions on policyholders now performing delivery services in efforts to protect the wellbeing of your communities; waiving vacancy clauses for buildings temporarily closed due to the pandemic; providing credits, when requested, on commercial policies for vehicles not being used; and providing additional risk management advice to businesses considering adapting their operations to manufacture personal protective equipment. Additionally, on April 15 we paid a 60-cents-per-share dividend to shareholders, providing an additional source of much needed income.

"This spring also brought an active storm season, especially within our traditional Midwestern footprint. Our experienced and professional claims associates rose to the occasion, finding creative ways to settle claims while keeping themselves and our policyholders safe."

**Experienced**

"The work we've done in pricing segmentation and product and geographic diversification continues to yield benefits. Our insurance operations produced a 98.5% combined ratio and \$24 million of underwriting profit, even with a first-quarter catastrophe impact of 9.1 percentage points compared to a 10-year historical average of 5.6 percentage points.

"Looking beyond the noise created by weather and reserve development, our underlying – or core – combined ratio improved 1.2 points compared with last year's first quarter to 91.5%.

"We maintained our trend of industry-leading growth, increasing net written premiums by 10% compared with the first quarter of 2019. New business from our agencies reached a new first-quarter record, growing 19% to \$215 million. Renewal written premium growth continued with generally higher average renewal price increases for our commercial, personal and excess & surplus lines of business.

"Newer initiatives to diversify our premium base continue to support overall first-quarter 2020 net written premium growth: Cincinnati Re<sup>SM</sup> contributed 2%; Cincinnati Global Underwriting Ltd<sup>SM</sup> contributed 1%; we wrote \$101 million in premiums for our agency's high net worth personal lines clients; and our E&S homeowner product – launched last fall – reached nearly \$1 million in net written premium."

**Focused on the Future**

"We have the financial strength to answer the call of the many stakeholders who depend on us – our policyholders, shareholders, agents and associates. Even with the recent volatility of the stock market, our equity portfolio still holds \$2.5 billion in appreciated value before taxes. And, our \$11.3 billion bond portfolio covers our outstanding insurance liabilities, ensuring we can pay all that is due under our policy contracts.

"While we will evaluate each claim based on the specific facts and circumstances involved, our commercial property policies do not provide coverage for business interruption claims unless there is direct physical damage or loss to property. Because a virus does not produce direct physical damage or loss to property, no coverage exists for this peril.

"Some loss events, such as this global pandemic, are not insured because they are uninsurable due to their size and scope. Efforts to retroactively rewrite insurance contracts to add coverage are unconstitutional, threaten the ability of the insurance industry to pay covered claims and cannot be the solution. A crisis of this magnitude calls for bold

solutions from our Federal government. We stand ready to do our part to support the families and businesses in our agents' communities, helping them to proactively manage risks and promptly paying covered claims with empathy and compassion."

## Insurance Operations Highlights

### Consolidated Property Casualty Insurance Results

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended March 31,		
	2020	2019	% Change
Earned premiums	\$ 1,389	\$ 1,267	10
Fee revenues	3	3	0
Total revenues	1,392	1,270	10
Loss and loss expenses	930	790	18
Underwriting expenses	438	389	13
Underwriting profit	\$ 24	\$ 91	(74)
Ratios as a percent of earned premiums:			Pt. Change
Loss and loss expenses	66.9 %	62.3 %	4.6
Underwriting expenses	31.6	30.7	0.9
Combined ratio	98.5 %	93.0 %	5.5
			% Change
Agency renewal written premiums	\$ 1,198	\$ 1,130	6
Agency new business written premiums	215	181	19
Other written premiums	105	70	50
Net written premiums	\$ 1,518	\$ 1,381	10
Ratios as a percent of earned premiums:			Pt. Change
Current accident year before catastrophe losses	59.9 %	62.0 %	(2.1)
Current accident year catastrophe losses	9.4	5.6	3.8
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses	(2.1)	(5.5)	3.4
Prior accident years catastrophe losses	(0.3)	0.2	(0.5)
Loss and loss expense ratio	66.9 %	62.3 %	4.6
Current accident year combined ratio before catastrophe losses	91.5 %	92.7 %	(1.2)

- \$137 million or 10% growth of first-quarter 2020 property casualty net written premiums, reflecting premium growth initiatives and price increases. Growth included a contribution of 2% from Cincinnati Re and 1% from Cincinnati Global.
- \$34 million or 19% increase in first-quarter 2020 new business premiums written by agencies. The growth included an \$18 million increase in standard market property casualty production from agencies appointed since the beginning of 2019.
- 50 new agency appointments in the first three months of 2020, including 11 that market only our personal lines products.
- 5.5 percentage-point increase in the first-quarter 2020 combined ratio, including an increase of 3.3 points for losses from natural catastrophes.
- 2.4 percentage-point first-quarter 2020 benefit from favorable prior accident year reserve development of \$33 million, compared with 5.3 points or \$67 million for first-quarter 2019.
- 2.1 percentage-point decrease, to 59.9%, for the three-month 2020 ratio of current accident year losses and loss expenses before catastrophes, including an increase of 0.7 points in the ratio for current accident year losses of \$1 million or more per claim.
- 0.9 percentage-point increase in the first-quarter 2020 underwriting expense ratio, compared with the same period of 2019, largely due to higher employee-related expenses and premium taxes, plus the full effect of Cincinnati Global.

## Commercial Lines Insurance Results

(Dollars in millions)

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2020	2019	% Change
Earned premiums	\$ 863	\$ 810	7
Fee revenues	1	1	0
Total revenues	864	811	7
Loss and loss expenses	608	481	26
Underwriting expenses	276	254	9
Underwriting profit (loss)	<u>\$ (20)</u>	<u>\$ 76</u>	nm
Ratios as a percent of earned premiums:			Pt. Change
Loss and loss expenses	70.5 %	59.4 %	11.1
Underwriting expenses	32.0	31.4	0.6
Combined ratio	<u>102.5 %</u>	<u>90.8 %</u>	<u>11.7</u>
			% Change
Agency renewal written premiums	\$ 842	\$ 799	5
Agency new business written premiums	154	120	28
Other written premiums	(24)	(23)	(4)
Net written premiums	<u>\$ 972</u>	<u>\$ 896</u>	8
Ratios as a percent of earned premiums:			Pt. Change
Current accident year before catastrophe losses	61.0 %	63.0 %	(2.0)
Current accident year catastrophe losses	10.2	4.1	6.1
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses	(0.3)	(6.9)	6.6
Prior accident years catastrophe losses	(0.4)	(0.8)	0.4
Loss and loss expense ratio	<u>70.5 %</u>	<u>59.4 %</u>	<u>11.1</u>
Current accident year combined ratio before catastrophe losses	<u>93.0 %</u>	<u>94.4 %</u>	<u>(1.4)</u>

- \$76 million or 8% increase in first-quarter 2020 commercial lines net written premiums, including higher renewal and new business written premiums.
- \$43 million or 5% increase in first-quarter renewal written premiums, with commercial lines average renewal pricing increases near the high end of the low-single-digit percent range, higher than in any quarter during 2019.
- \$34 million or 28% increase in first-quarter 2020 new business written by agencies, largely reflecting more submissions from our agents to quote policies.
- 11.7 percentage-point increase in the first-quarter 2020 combined ratio, including an increase of 6.5 points for losses from natural catastrophes.
- 0.7 percentage-point first-quarter 2020 benefit from favorable prior accident year reserve development of \$6 million, compared with 7.7 points or \$62 million for first-quarter 2019.

## Personal Lines Insurance Results

(Dollars in millions)

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2020	2019	% Change
Earned premiums	\$ 359	\$ 344	4
Fee revenues	1	1	0
Total revenues	360	345	4
Loss and loss expenses	231	250	(8)
Underwriting expenses	108	99	9
Underwriting profit (loss)	\$ 21	\$ (4)	nm
Ratios as a percent of earned premiums:			Pt. Change
Loss and loss expenses	64.2 %	72.5 %	(8.3)
Underwriting expenses	30.1	28.8	1.3
Combined ratio	94.3 %	101.3 %	(7.0)
			% Change
Agency renewal written premiums	\$ 294	\$ 282	4
Agency new business written premiums	34	35	(3)
Other written premiums	(9)	(8)	(13)
Net written premiums	\$ 319	\$ 309	3
Ratios as a percent of earned premiums:			Pt. Change
Current accident year before catastrophe losses	60.0 %	60.6 %	(0.6)
Current accident year catastrophe losses	12.0	10.9	1.1
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses	(6.5)	(1.4)	(5.1)
Prior accident years catastrophe losses	(1.3)	2.4	(3.7)
Loss and loss expense ratio	64.2 %	72.5 %	(8.3)
Current accident year combined ratio before catastrophe losses	90.1 %	89.4 %	0.7

- \$10 million or 3% increase in first-quarter 2020 personal lines net written premiums, driven by higher renewal written premiums that benefited from rate increases averaging in the mid-single-digit percent range. First-quarter 2020 net written premiums from our agencies' high net worth clients grew 31%, to \$101 million.
- \$1 million or 3% decrease in first-quarter 2020 new business written by agencies, reflecting underwriting and pricing discipline, particularly in select states.
- 7.0 percentage-point improvement in the first-quarter 2020 combined ratio, including a decrease of 2.6 points for losses from natural catastrophes.
- 7.8 percentage-point first-quarter 2020 benefit from favorable prior accident year reserve development of \$28 million, compared with \$3 million of unfavorable development the first quarter of 2019.



## Excess and Surplus Lines Insurance Results

(Dollars in millions)

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2020	2019	% Change
Earned premiums	\$ 78	\$ 63	24
Fee revenues	1	1	0
Total revenues	79	64	23
Loss and loss expenses	45	33	36
Underwriting expenses	25	20	25
Underwriting profit	\$ 9	\$ 11	(18)
Ratios as a percent of earned premiums:			Pt. Change
Loss and loss expenses	57.4%	51.5 %	5.9
Underwriting expenses	31.7	32.0	(0.3)
Combined ratio	89.1%	83.5 %	5.6
			% Change
Agency renewal written premiums	\$ 62	\$ 49	27
Agency new business written premiums	27	26	4
Other written premiums	(4)	(4)	0
Net written premiums	\$ 85	\$ 71	20
Ratios as a percent of earned premiums:			Pt. Change
Current accident year before catastrophe losses	55.7%	55.5 %	0.2
Current accident year catastrophe losses	0.5	0.3	0.2
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses	0.7	(4.2)	4.9
Prior accident years catastrophe losses	0.5	(0.1)	0.6
Loss and loss expense ratio	57.4%	51.5 %	5.9
Current accident year combined ratio before catastrophe losses	87.4%	87.5 %	(0.1)

- \$14 million or 20% increase in first-quarter 2020 excess and surplus lines net written premiums, including higher renewal written premiums that benefited from rate increases averaging in the mid-single-digit percent range.
- \$1 million or 4% increase in first-quarter new business written by agencies, as we continue to carefully underwrite each policy in a highly competitive market.
- 5.6 percentage-point increase in the first-quarter 2020 combined ratio, primarily due to less favorable prior accident year reserve development.
- \$1 million of first-quarter 2020 unfavorable prior accident year reserve development, including \$2 million for defense and cost containment expenses driven by more prudent levels of IBNR reserves, compared with \$2 million of favorable development for first-quarter 2019.

## Life Insurance Subsidiary Results

(Dollars in millions)

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2020	2019	% Change
Term life insurance	\$ 47	\$ 45	4
Universal life insurance	8	10	(20)
Other life insurance, annuity, and disability income products	12	11	9
Earned premiums	67	66	2
Investment income, net of expenses	39	38	3
Investment gains and losses, net	(32)	(1)	nm
Fee revenues	—	1	(100)
Total revenues	74	104	(29)
Contract holders' benefits incurred	73	70	4
Underwriting expenses incurred	18	22	(18)
Total benefits and expenses	91	92	(1)
Net income (loss) before income tax	(17)	12	nm
Income tax provision (benefit)	(4)	2	nm
Net income (loss) of the life insurance subsidiary	\$ (13)	\$ 10	nm

- \$1 million or 2% increase in first-quarter 2020 earned premiums, including a 4% increase for term life insurance, our largest life insurance product line.
- \$23 million decrease in three-month 2020 life insurance subsidiary net income, primarily due to increased investment losses resulting from impairments of fixed-maturity securities.
- \$129 million or 10% three-month 2020 decrease to \$1.109 billion in GAAP shareholders' equity for the life insurance subsidiary, primarily from a decrease in unrealized investment gains.

## Investment and Balance Sheet Highlights

### Investments Results

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended March 31,		
	2020	2019	% Change
Investment income, net of expenses	\$ 165	\$ 157	5
Investment interest credited to contract holders'	(26)	(24)	(8)
Investment gains and losses, net	(1,725)	663	nm
Investments profit (loss)	<u>\$ (1,586)</u>	<u>\$ 796</u>	nm
Investment income:			
Interest	\$ 112	\$ 111	1
Dividends	53	46	15
Other	3	3	0
Less investment expenses	3	3	0
Investment income, pretax	<u>165</u>	<u>157</u>	5
Less income taxes	26	24	8
Total investment income, after-tax	<u>\$ 139</u>	<u>\$ 133</u>	5
Investment returns:			
Average invested assets plus cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,010	\$ 17,924	
Average yield pretax	3.47%	3.50%	
Average yield after-tax	2.92	2.97	
Effective tax rate	15.5	15.5	
Fixed-maturity returns:			
Average amortized cost	\$ 11,091	\$ 10,689	
Average yield pretax	4.04%	4.15%	
Average yield after-tax	3.37	3.46	
Effective tax rate	16.6	16.7	

- \$8 million or 5% rise in first-quarter 2020 pretax investment income, including a 15% increase in equity portfolio dividends and a 1% increase in interest income.
- \$2.049 billion first-quarter 2020 decrease in pretax total investment gains, summarized on the table below. Changes in unrealized gains or losses reported in other comprehensive income, in addition to investment gains and losses reported in net income, are useful for evaluating total investment performance over time and are major components of changes in book value and the value creation ratio.

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended March 31,	
	2020	2019
Investment gains and losses on equity securities sold, net	\$ (4)	\$ 4
Unrealized gains and losses on equity securities still held, net	(1,649)	652
Investment gains and losses on fixed-maturity securities, net	(75)	2
Other	3	5
Subtotal - investment gains and losses reported in net income	<u>(1,725)</u>	<u>663</u>
Change in unrealized investment gains and losses - fixed maturities	(324)	242
Total	<u>\$ (2,049)</u>	<u>\$ 905</u>

## Balance Sheet Highlights

(Dollars in millions, except share data)

	At March 31, 2020	At December 31, 2019
Total investments	\$ 17,876	\$ 19,746
Total assets	23,367	25,408
Short-term debt	114	39
Long-term debt	788	788
Shareholders' equity	8,042	9,864
Book value per share	50.02	60.55
Debt-to-total-capital ratio	10.1%	7.7%

- \$18.362 billion in consolidated cash and total investments at March 31, 2020, a decrease of 10% from \$20.513 billion at year-end 2019.
- \$11.340 billion bond portfolio at March 31, 2020, with an average rating of A2/A. Fair value decreased \$358 million during the first quarter of 2020.
- \$6.225 billion equity portfolio was 34.8% of total investments, including \$2.523 billion in appreciated value before taxes at March 31, 2020. First-quarter 2020 decrease in fair value of \$1.527 billion or 20%.
- \$4.740 billion of statutory surplus for the property casualty insurance group at March 31, 2020, down \$880 million from \$5.620 billion at year-end 2019, after declaring \$125 million in dividends to the parent company. For the 12 months ended March 31, 2020, the ratio of net written premiums to surplus was 1.2-to-1, compared with 1.0-to-1 at year-end 2019.
- \$10.53 first-quarter 2020 decrease in book value per share, including an addition of \$0.85 from net income before investment gains and reductions of \$10.08 from investment portfolio net investment losses or changes in unrealized gains for fixed-maturity securities and \$0.70 for other items, in addition to a deduction of \$0.60 from dividends declared to shareholders.
- Value creation ratio of negative 16.4% for the first three months of 2020, including positive 1.4% from net income before investment gains, which includes underwriting and investment income, negative 16.6% from investment portfolio net investment losses and changes in unrealized gains for fixed-maturity securities, in addition to negative 1.2% from other items.

For additional information or to register for our conference call webcast, please visit [cinfin.com/investors](http://cinfin.com/investors).

### About Cincinnati Financial

Cincinnati Financial Corporation offers primarily business, home and auto insurance, our main business, through The Cincinnati Insurance Company and its two standard market property casualty companies. The same local independent insurance agencies that market those policies may offer products of our other subsidiaries, including life insurance, fixed annuities and surplus lines property and casualty insurance. For additional information about the company, please visit [cinfin.com](http://cinfin.com).

Mailing Address:	Street Address:
P.O. Box 145496	6200 South Gilmore Road
Cincinnati, Ohio 45250-5496	Fairfield, Ohio 45014-5141

## Safe Harbor Statement

This is our “Safe Harbor” statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Our business is subject to certain risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements in this report. Some of those risks and uncertainties are discussed in our 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K, Item 1A, Risk Factors, Page 35.

Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to:

- Effects of the COVID-19 pandemic that could affect results for reasons such as:
  - Securities market disruption or volatility and related effects such as decreased economic activity that affect the company's investment portfolio and book value
  - An unusually high level of claims in our insurance or reinsurance operations that increase litigation-related expenses
  - An unusually high level of insurance losses, including risk of legislation or court decisions extending business interruption insurance to require coverage when there was no direct physical damage or loss to property
  - Decreased premium revenue from disruption to our distribution channel of independent agents, consumer self-isolation, travel limitations, business restrictions and decreased economic activity
  - Inability of our workforce to perform necessary business functions
- Unusually high levels of catastrophe losses due to risk concentrations, changes in weather patterns, environmental events, terrorism incidents or other causes
- Increased frequency and/or severity of claims or development of claims that are unforeseen at the time of policy issuance
- Inadequate estimates, assumptions or reliance on third-party data used for critical accounting estimates
- Declines in overall stock market values negatively affecting the company's equity portfolio and book value
- Prolonged low interest rate environment or other factors that limit the company's ability to generate growth in investment income or interest rate fluctuations that result in declining values of fixed-maturity investments, including declines in accounts in which we hold bank-owned life insurance contract assets
- Domestic and global events resulting in capital market or credit market uncertainty, followed by prolonged periods of economic instability or recession, that lead to:
  - Significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of a particular security or group of securities and impairment of the asset(s)
  - Significant decline in investment income due to reduced or eliminated dividend payouts from a particular security or group of securities
  - Significant rise in losses from surety and director and officer policies written for financial institutions or other insured entities
- Our inability to integrate Cincinnati Global and its subsidiaries into our on-going operations, or disruptions to our on-going operations due to such integration
- Recession or other economic conditions resulting in lower demand for insurance products or increased payment delinquencies
- Difficulties with technology or data security breaches, including cyberattacks, that could negatively affect our ability to conduct business; disrupt our relationships with agents, policyholders and others; cause reputational damage, mitigation expenses and data loss and expose us to liability under federal and state laws
- Disruption of the insurance market caused by technology innovations such as driverless cars that could decrease consumer demand for insurance products
- Delays, inadequate data developed internally or from third parties, or performance inadequacies from ongoing development and implementation of underwriting and pricing methods, including telematics and other usage-based insurance methods, or technology projects and enhancements expected to increase our pricing accuracy, underwriting profit and competitiveness
- Increased competition that could result in a significant reduction in the company's premium volume
- Changing consumer insurance-buying habits and consolidation of independent insurance agencies that could alter our competitive advantages
- Inability to obtain adequate ceded reinsurance on acceptable terms, amount of reinsurance coverage purchased, financial strength of reinsurers and the potential for nonpayment or delay in payment by reinsurers
- Inability to defer policy acquisition costs for any business segment if pricing and loss trends would lead management to conclude that segment could not achieve sustainable profitability

- Inability of our subsidiaries to pay dividends consistent with current or past levels
- Events or conditions that could weaken or harm the company's relationships with its independent agencies and hamper opportunities to add new agencies, resulting in limitations on the company's opportunities for growth, such as:
  - Downgrades of the company's financial strength ratings
  - Concerns that doing business with the company is too difficult
  - Perceptions that the company's level of service, particularly claims service, is no longer a distinguishing characteristic in the marketplace
  - Inability or unwillingness to nimbly develop and introduce coverage product updates and innovations that our competitors offer and consumers expect to find in the marketplace
- Actions of insurance departments, state attorneys general or other regulatory agencies, including a change to a federal system of regulation from a state-based system, that:
  - Impose new obligations on us that increase our expenses or change the assumptions underlying our critical accounting estimates
  - Place the insurance industry under greater regulatory scrutiny or result in new statutes, rules and regulations
  - Restrict our ability to exit or reduce writings of unprofitable coverages or lines of business
  - Add assessments for guaranty funds, other insurance-related assessments or mandatory reinsurance arrangements; or that impair our ability to recover such assessments through future surcharges or other rate changes
  - Increase our provision for federal income taxes due to changes in tax law
  - Increase our other expenses
  - Limit our ability to set fair, adequate and reasonable rates
  - Place us at a disadvantage in the marketplace
  - Restrict our ability to execute our business model, including the way we compensate agents
- Adverse outcomes from litigation or administrative proceedings
- Events or actions, including unauthorized intentional circumvention of controls, that reduce the company's future ability to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- Unforeseen departure of certain executive officers or other key employees due to retirement, health or other causes that could interrupt progress toward important strategic goals or diminish the effectiveness of certain longstanding relationships with insurance agents and others
- Events, such as an epidemic, natural catastrophe or terrorism, that could hamper our ability to assemble our workforce at our headquarters location

Further, the company's insurance businesses are subject to the effects of changing social, global, economic and regulatory environments. Public and regulatory initiatives have included efforts to adversely influence and restrict premium rates, restrict the ability to cancel policies, impose underwriting standards and expand overall regulation. The company also is subject to public and regulatory initiatives that can affect the market value for its common stock, such as measures affecting corporate financial reporting and governance. The ultimate changes and eventual effects, if any, of these initiatives are uncertain.

\* \* \*

**Cincinnati Financial Corporation**  
**Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and Statements of Income (unaudited)**

(Dollars in millions)	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
<b>Assets</b>		
Investments	\$ 17,876	\$ 19,746
Cash and cash equivalents	486	767
Premiums receivable	1,900	1,777
Reinsurance recoverable	567	610
Deferred policy acquisition costs	827	774
Other assets	1,711	1,734
Total assets	<u>\$ 23,367</u>	<u>\$ 25,408</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Insurance reserves	\$ 9,067	\$ 8,982
Unearned premiums	2,922	2,788
Deferred income tax	660	1,079
Long-term debt and lease obligations	846	846
Other liabilities	1,830	1,849
Total liabilities	<u>15,325</u>	<u>15,544</u>
<b>Shareholders' Equity</b>		
Common stock and paid-in capital	1,697	1,703
Retained earnings	7,932	9,257
Accumulated other comprehensive income	204	448
Treasury stock	(1,791)	(1,544)
Total shareholders' equity	<u>8,042</u>	<u>9,864</u>
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	<u>\$ 23,367</u>	<u>\$ 25,408</u>
<b>Revenues</b>		
Earned premiums	\$ 1,456	\$ 1,333
Investment income, net of expenses	165	157
Investment gains and losses, net	(1,725)	663
Other revenues	5	6
Total revenues	<u>(99)</u>	<u>2,159</u>
<b>Benefits and Expenses</b>		
Insurance losses and contract holders' benefits	1,003	860
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses	456	411
Interest expense	13	13
Other operating expenses	5	8
Total benefits and expenses	<u>1,477</u>	<u>1,292</u>
<b>Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes</b>	<u>(1,576)</u>	<u>867</u>
<b>Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes</b>	<u>(350)</u>	<u>172</u>
<b>Net Income (Loss)</b>	<u>\$ (1,226)</u>	<u>\$ 695</u>
<b>Per Common Share:</b>		
Net income (loss)—basic	\$ (7.56)	\$ 4.27
Net income (loss)—diluted	(7.56)	4.22

## Definitions of Non-GAAP Information and Reconciliation to Comparable GAAP Measures

(See attached tables for reconciliations; additional prior-period reconciliations available at [cinfm.com/investors](http://cinfm.com/investors).)

Cincinnati Financial Corporation prepares its public financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Statutory data is prepared in accordance with statutory accounting rules for insurance company regulation in the United States of America as defined by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' (NAIC) Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual, and therefore is not reconciled to GAAP data.

Management uses certain non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate its primary business areas – property casualty insurance, life insurance and investments. Management uses these measures when analyzing both GAAP and non-GAAP results to improve its understanding of trends in the underlying business and to help avoid incorrect or misleading assumptions and conclusions about the success or failure of company strategies. Management adjustments to GAAP measures generally: apply to non-recurring events that are unrelated to business performance and distort short-term results; involve values that fluctuate based on events outside of management's control; supplement reporting segment disclosures with disclosures for a subsidiary company or for a combination of subsidiaries or reporting segments; or relate to accounting refinements that affect comparability between periods, creating a need to analyze data on the same basis.

- **Non-GAAP operating income:** Non-GAAP operating income is calculated by excluding investment gains and losses (defined as investment gains and losses after applicable federal and state income taxes) and other significant non-recurring items from net income. Management evaluates non-GAAP operating income to measure the success of pricing, rate and underwriting strategies. While investment gains (or losses) are integral to the company's insurance operations over the long term, the determination to realize investment gains or losses on fixed-maturity securities sold in any period may be subject to management's discretion and is independent of the insurance underwriting process. Also, under applicable GAAP accounting requirements, gains and losses are recognized from certain changes in market values of securities without actual realization. Management believes that the level of investment gains or losses for any particular period, while it may be material, may not fully indicate the performance of ongoing underlying business operations in that period.

For these reasons, many investors and shareholders consider non-GAAP operating income to be one of the more meaningful measures for evaluating insurance company performance. Equity analysts who report on the insurance industry and the company generally focus on this metric in their analyses. The company presents non-GAAP operating income so that all investors have what management believes to be a useful supplement to GAAP information.

- **Consolidated property casualty insurance results:** To supplement reporting segment disclosures related to our property casualty insurance operations, we also evaluate results for those operations on a basis that includes results for our property casualty insurance and brokerage services subsidiaries. That is the total of our commercial lines, personal lines and our excess and surplus lines segments plus our reinsurance assumed operations known as Cincinnati Re and our London-based global specialty underwriter known as Cincinnati Global.
- **Life insurance subsidiary results:** To supplement life insurance reporting segment disclosures related to our life insurance operation, we also evaluate results for that operation on a basis that includes life insurance subsidiary investment income, or investment income plus investment gains and losses, that are also included in our investments reporting segment. We recognize that assets under management, capital appreciation and investment income are integral to evaluating the success of the life insurance segment because of the long duration of life products.



# Cincinnati Financial Corporation

## Net Income Reconciliation

(Dollars in millions, except per share data)	Three months ended March 31,	
	2020	2019
Net income (loss)	\$ (1,226)	\$ 695
Less:		
Investment gains and losses, net	(1,725)	663
Income tax on investment gains and losses	362	(140)
Investment gains and losses, after-tax	(1,363)	523
Non-GAAP operating income	\$ 137	\$ 172
Diluted per share data:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (7.56)	\$ 4.22
Less:		
Investment gains and losses, net	(10.63)	4.02
Income tax on investment gains and losses	2.23	(0.85)
Investment gains and losses, after-tax	(8.40)	3.17
Non-GAAP operating income	\$ 0.84	\$ 1.05

## Life Insurance Reconciliation

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended March 31,	
	2020	2019
Net income (loss) of the life insurance subsidiary	\$ (13)	\$ 10
Investment gains and losses, net	(32)	(1)
Income tax on investment gains and losses	(7)	—
Non-GAAP operating income	12	11
Investment income, net of expenses	(39)	(38)
Investment income credited to contract holders'	26	24
Income tax excluding tax on investment gains and losses, net	3	2
Life insurance segment profit (loss)	\$ 2	\$ (1)

# Property Casualty Insurance Reconciliation

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended March 31, 2020				
	Consolidated	Commercial	Personal	E&S	Other*
Premiums:					
Written premiums	\$ 1,518	\$ 972	\$ 319	\$ 85	\$ 142
Unearned premiums change	(129)	(109)	40	(7)	(53)
Earned premiums	<u>\$ 1,389</u>	<u>\$ 863</u>	<u>\$ 359</u>	<u>\$ 78</u>	<u>\$ 89</u>
Underwriting profit (loss)	24	(20)	21	9	14

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended March 31, 2019				
	Consolidated	Commercial	Personal	E&S	Other*
Premiums:					
Written premiums	\$ 1,381	\$ 896	\$ 309	\$ 71	\$ 105
Unearned premiums change	(114)	(86)	35	(8)	(55)
Earned premiums	<u>\$ 1,267</u>	<u>\$ 810</u>	<u>\$ 344</u>	<u>\$ 63</u>	<u>\$ 50</u>
Underwriting profit (loss)	\$ 91	\$ 76	\$ (4)	\$ 11	\$ 8

Dollar amounts shown are rounded to millions; certain amounts may not add due to rounding. Ratios are calculated based on dollar amounts in thousands.  
 \*Included in Other are the results of Cincinnati Re and Cincinnati Global, acquired on February 28, 2019.

## Cincinnati Financial Corporation

### Other Measures

- Value creation ratio: This is a measure of shareholder value creation that management believes captures the contribution of the company's insurance operations, the success of its investment strategy and the importance placed on paying cash dividends to shareholders. The value creation ratio measure is made up of two primary components: (1) rate of growth in book value per share plus (2) the ratio of dividends declared per share to beginning book value per share. Management believes this measure is useful, providing a meaningful measure of long-term progress in creating shareholder value. It is intended to be all-inclusive regarding changes in book value per share, and uses originally reported book value per share in cases where book value per share has been adjusted, such as adoption of Accounting Standards Updates with a cumulative effect of a change in accounting.
- Written premium: Under statutory accounting rules in the U.S., property casualty written premium is the amount recorded for policies issued and recognized on an annualized basis at the effective date of the policy. Management analyzes trends in written premium to assess business efforts. The difference between written and earned premium is unearned premium.

### Value Creation Ratio Calculations

(Dollars are per share)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2020	2019
Value creation ratio:		
End of period book value*	\$ 50.02	\$ 52.88
Less beginning of period book value	60.55	48.10
Change in book value	(10.53)	4.78
Dividend declared to shareholders	0.60	0.56
Total value creation	\$ (9.93)	\$ 5.34
Value creation ratio from change in book value**	(17.4)%	9.9%
Value creation ratio from dividends declared to shareholders***	1.0	1.2
Value creation ratio	(16.4)%	11.1%

\* Book value per share is calculated by dividing end of period total shareholders' equity by end of period shares outstanding

\*\* Change in book value divided by the beginning of period book value

\*\*\* Dividend declared to shareholders divided by beginning of period book value

# Cincinnati Financial Corporation

## Supplemental Financial Data

### for the period ending March 31, 2020

6200 South Gilmore Road  
Fairfield, Ohio 45014-5141  
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	A.M. Best Company	Fitch Ratings	Moody's Investor Service	S&P Global Ratings
<b>Cincinnati Financial Corporation</b>				
Corporate Debt	a	A-	A3	BBB+
<b>The Cincinnati Insurance Companies</b>				
Insurer Financial Strength				
Property Casualty Group				
Standard Market Subsidiaries:	A+	—	A1	A+
The Cincinnati Insurance Company	A+	A+	A1	A+
The Cincinnati Indemnity Company	A+	A+	A1	A+
The Cincinnati Casualty Company	A+	A+	A1	A+
Surplus Lines Subsidiary:				
The Cincinnati Specialty Underwriters Insurance Company	A+	—	—	—
The Cincinnati Life Insurance Company	A+	A+	—	A+

Ratings are as of April 24, 2020, under continuous review and subject to change and/or affirmation. For the current ratings, select Financial Strength on [cinfin.com](http://cinfin.com).

The consolidated financial statements and financial exhibits that follow are unaudited. These consolidated financial statements and exhibits should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes included with our periodic filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The results of operations for interim periods may not be indicative of results to be expected for the full year.

**Cincinnati Financial Corporation**  
**Supplemental Financial Data**  
**for the period ending March 31, 2020**

	<b>Page</b>
Definitions of Non-GAAP Information and Reconciliation to Comparable GAAP Measures	3
<b>Consolidated</b>	
CFC and Subsidiaries Consolidation – Three Months Ended March 31, 2020	4
<b>Consolidated Property Casualty Insurance Operations</b>	
Losses Incurred Detail	5
Loss Ratio Detail	6
Loss Claim Count Detail	7
Quarterly Property Casualty Data – Commercial Lines	8
Quarterly Property Casualty Data – Personal Lines and Excess & Surplus Lines	9
Loss and Loss Expense Analysis – Three Months Ended March 31, 2020	10
<b>Reconciliation Data</b>	
Quarterly Property Casualty Data – Consolidated	11
Quarterly Property Casualty Data – Commercial Lines	12
Quarterly Property Casualty Data – Personal Lines	13
Quarterly Property Casualty Data – Excess & Surplus Lines	14
<b>Statutory Statements of Income</b>	
Consolidated Cincinnati Insurance Companies Statutory Statements of Income	15
The Cincinnati Life Insurance Company Statutory Statements of Income	16
<b>Other</b>	
Quarterly Data – Other	17

## Definitions of Non-GAAP Information and Reconciliation to Comparable GAAP Measures

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For these reasons, many investors and shareholders consider non-GAAP operating income to be one of the more meaningful measures for evaluating insurance company performance. Equity analysts who report on the insurance industry and the company generally focus on this metric in their analyses. The company presents non-GAAP operating income so that all investors have what management believes to be a useful supplement to GAAP information.
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- **Life insurance subsidiary results:** To supplement life insurance reporting segment disclosures related to our life insurance operation, we also evaluate results for that operation on a basis that includes life insurance subsidiary investment income, or investment income plus investment gains and losses, that are also included in our investments reporting segment. We recognize that assets under management, capital appreciation and investment income are integral to evaluating the success of the life insurance segment because of the long duration of life products.

### Other Measures

- **Value creation ratio:** This is a measure of shareholder value creation that management believes captures the contribution of the company's insurance operations, the success of its investment strategy and the importance placed on paying cash dividends to shareholders. The value creation ratio measure is made up of two primary components: (1) rate of growth in book value per share plus (2) the ratio of dividends declared per share to beginning book value per share. Management believes this measure is useful, providing a meaningful measure of long-term progress in creating shareholder value. It is intended to be all-inclusive regarding changes in book value per share, and uses originally reported book value per share in cases where book value per share has been adjusted, such as adoption of Accounting Standards Updates with a cumulative effect of a change in accounting.
- **Statutory accounting rules:** For public reporting, insurance companies prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP. However, insurers also must calculate certain data according to statutory accounting rules for insurance company regulation in the United States of America as defined in the NAIC's Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual, which may be, and has been, modified by various state insurance departments and differ from GAAP. Statutory data is publicly available, and various organizations use it to calculate aggregate industry data, study industry trends and compare insurance companies.
- **Written premium:** Under statutory accounting rules in the U.S., property casualty written premium is the amount recorded for policies issued and recognized on an annualized basis at the effective date of the policy. Management analyzes trends in written premium to assess business efforts. The difference between written and earned premium is unearned premium.

**Cincinnati Financial Corporation and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Income for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020**

(Dollars in millions)

	CFC	CONSOL P&C	CLIC	CFC-I	ELIM	Total
<b>Revenues</b>						
Premiums earned:						
Property casualty	\$ —	\$ 1,437	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,437
Life	—	—	85	—	—	85
Premiums ceded	—	(48)	(18)	—	—	(66)
Total earned premium	—	1,389	67	—	—	1,456
Investment income, net of expenses	19	107	39	—	—	165
Investment gains and losses, net	(621)	(1,072)	(32)	—	—	(1,725)
Fee revenues	—	3	—	—	—	3
Other revenues	4	1	—	1	(4)	2
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>\$ (598)</b>	<b>\$ 428</b>	<b>\$ 74</b>	<b>\$ 1</b>	<b>\$ (4)</b>	<b>\$ (99)</b>
<b>Benefits &amp; expenses</b>						
Losses & contract holders' benefits	\$ —	\$ 934	\$ 85	\$ —		\$ 1,019
Reinsurance recoveries	—	(4)	(12)	—	—	(16)
Underwriting, acquisition and insurance expenses	—	438	18	—	—	456
Interest expense	13	—	—	—	—	13
Other operating expenses	8	—	—	1	(4)	5
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>\$ 21</b>	<b>\$ 1,368</b>	<b>\$ 91</b>	<b>\$ 1</b>	<b>\$ (4)</b>	<b>\$ 1,477</b>
<b>Income (loss) before income taxes</b>	<b>\$ (619)</b>	<b>\$ (940)</b>	<b>\$ (17)</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ (1,576)</b>
<b>Provision (benefit) for income taxes</b>						
Current operating income	\$ 129	\$ 228	\$ 8	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 365
Capital gains/losses	(130)	(225)	(7)	—	—	(362)
Deferred	(130)	(218)	(5)	—	—	(353)
<b>Total benefit for income taxes</b>	<b>\$ (131)</b>	<b>\$ (215)</b>	<b>\$ (4)</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ (350)</b>
<b>Net income (loss) - current year</b>	<b>\$ (488)</b>	<b>\$ (725)</b>	<b>\$ (13)</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ (1,226)</b>
<b>Net income - prior year</b>	<b>\$ 211</b>	<b>\$ 473</b>	<b>\$ 10</b>	<b>\$ 1</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 695</b>

\*Dollar amounts shown are rounded to millions; certain amounts may not add due to rounding.

Consolidated property casualty data includes results from our Cincinnati Re operations and Cincinnati Global, which was acquired on February 28, 2019.

## Consolidated Property Casualty Losses Incurred Detail

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended								Six months ended		Nine months ended		Twelve months ended	
	12/31/20	9/30/20	6/30/20	3/31/20	12/31/19	9/30/19	6/30/19	3/31/19	6/30/20	6/30/19	9/30/20	9/30/19	12/31/20	12/31/19
Consolidated														
Current accident year losses greater than \$5 million				\$ —	\$ 14	\$ (1)	\$ 14	\$ —	\$ 14		\$ 13		\$ 27	
Current accident year losses \$1 million - \$5 million				50	77	76	53	37	90		166		243	
Large loss prior accident year reserve development				26	(4)	33	5	16	21		54		50	
Total large losses incurred				\$ 76	\$ 87	\$ 108	\$ 72	\$ 53	\$ 125		\$ 233		\$ 320	
Losses incurred but not reported				79	41	(24)	(14)	47	33		9		50	
Other losses excluding catastrophe losses				496	512	566	547	493	1,039		1,606		2,118	
Catastrophe losses				123	42	70	128	69	198		268		309	
Total losses incurred				\$ 774	\$ 682	\$ 720	\$ 733	\$ 662	\$ 1,395		\$ 2,116		\$ 2,797	
Commercial Lines														
Current accident year losses greater than \$5 million				\$ —	\$ 14	\$ (1)	\$ 14	\$ —	\$ 14		\$ 13		\$ 27	
Current accident year losses \$1 million - \$5 million				36	62	56	41	26	68		124		185	
Large loss prior accident year reserve development				22	1	32	3	13	16		48		49	
Total large losses incurred				\$ 58	\$ 77	\$ 87	\$ 58	\$ 39	\$ 98		\$ 185		\$ 261	
Losses incurred but not reported				58	12	(22)	(7)	43	36		14		26	
Other losses excluding catastrophe losses				298	302	314	320	286	605		919		1,222	
Catastrophe losses				82	(9)	32	94	25	119		151		142	
Total losses incurred				\$ 496	\$ 382	\$ 411	\$ 465	\$ 393	\$ 858		\$ 1,269		\$ 1,651	
Personal Lines														
Current accident year losses greater than \$5 million				\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —		\$ —		\$ —	
Current accident year losses \$1 million - \$5 million				12	11	20	10	10	19		39		51	
Large loss prior accident year reserve development				5	(3)	(1)	1	2	3		2		(1)	
Total large losses incurred				\$ 17	\$ 8	\$ 19	\$ 11	\$ 12	\$ 22		\$ 41		\$ 50	
Losses incurred but not reported				24	17	—	(4)	4	—		(1)		17	
Other losses excluding catastrophe losses				127	160	172	167	163	330		504		662	
Catastrophe losses				38	33	23	34	45	79		101		135	
Total losses incurred				\$ 206	\$ 218	\$ 214	\$ 208	\$ 224	\$ 431		\$ 645		\$ 864	
Excess & Surplus Lines														
Current accident year losses greater than \$5 million				\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —		\$ —		\$ —	
Current accident year losses \$1 million - \$5 million				2	4	—	2	1	3		3		7	
Large loss prior accident year reserve development				(1)	(2)	2	1	1	2		4		2	
Total large losses incurred				\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ 5		\$ 7		\$ 9	
Losses incurred but not reported				(3)	12	(2)	(3)	—	(3)		(4)		7	
Other losses excluding catastrophe losses				29	14	25	18	19	36		61		76	
Catastrophe losses				1	1	1	—	—	1		1		2	
Total losses incurred				\$ 28	\$ 29	\$ 26	\$ 18	\$ 21	\$ 39		\$ 65		\$ 94	

\*Dollar amounts shown are rounded to millions; certain amounts may not add due to rounding. The sum of quarterly amounts may not equal the full year as each is computed independently.  
Consolidated property casualty data includes results from our Cincinnati Re operations and Cincinnati Global, which was acquired on February 28, 2019.



## Consolidated Property Casualty Loss Ratio Detail

	Three months ended								Six months ended		Nine months ended		Twelve months ended	
	12/31/20	9/30/20	6/30/20	3/31/20	12/31/19	9/30/19	6/30/19	3/31/19	6/30/20	6/30/19	9/30/20	9/30/19	12/31/20	12/31/19
Consolidated														
Current accident year losses greater than \$5 million				— %	1.1 %	(0.1)%	1.1 %	—%	0.5 %		0.3 %		0.5 %	
Current accident year losses \$1 million - \$5 million				3.6	5.6	5.5	4.0	2.9	3.5		4.2		4.6	
Large loss prior accident year reserve development				1.9	(0.4)	2.4	0.4	1.2	0.8		1.4		0.9	
Total large loss ratio				5.5 %	6.3 %	7.8 %	5.5 %	4.1%	4.8 %		5.9 %		6.0 %	
Losses incurred but not reported				5.7	3.0	(1.8)	(1.1)	3.7	1.3		0.2		0.9	
Other losses excluding catastrophe losses				35.6	37.3	41.2	41.6	38.9	40.2		40.5		39.7	
Catastrophe losses				8.9	3.0	5.1	9.7	5.5	7.7		6.8		5.8	
Total loss ratio				55.7 %	49.6 %	52.3 %	55.7 %	52.2%	54.0 %		53.4 %		52.4 %	
Commercial Lines														
Current accident year losses greater than \$5 million				— %	1.7 %	(0.1)%	1.7 %	—%	0.9 %		0.5 %		0.8 %	
Current accident year losses \$1 million - \$5 million				4.1	7.0	6.8	5.0	3.3	4.1		5.1		5.6	
Large loss prior accident year reserve development				2.6	0.2	3.8	0.4	1.6	1.0		1.9		1.5	
Total large loss ratio				6.7 %	8.9 %	10.5 %	7.1 %	4.9%	6.0 %		7.5 %		7.9 %	
Losses incurred but not reported				6.8	1.5	(2.6)	(0.9)	5.4	2.2		0.6		0.8	
Other losses excluding catastrophe losses				34.5	35.4	37.6	38.9	35.1	37.0		37.2		36.7	
Catastrophe losses				9.5	(1.0)	3.8	11.4	3.1	7.3		6.1		4.3	
Total loss ratio				57.5 %	44.8 %	49.3 %	56.5 %	48.5%	52.5 %		51.4 %		49.7 %	
Personal Lines														
Current accident year losses greater than \$5 million				— %	— %	— %	— %	—%	— %		— %		— %	
Current accident year losses \$1 million - \$5 million				3.5	3.5	5.4	2.8	2.8	2.8		3.7		3.6	
Large loss prior accident year reserve development				1.3	(1.0)	(0.2)	0.3	0.6	0.4		0.2		(0.1)	
Total large loss ratio				4.8 %	2.5 %	5.2 %	3.1 %	3.4%	3.2 %		3.9 %		3.5 %	
Losses incurred but not reported				6.6	5.1	(0.1)	(1.1)	1.0	(0.1)		(0.1)		1.2	
Other losses excluding catastrophe losses				35.3	44.2	48.9	48.0	47.4	47.8		48.1		47.2	
Catastrophe losses				10.5	9.4	6.4	9.7	13.1	11.4		9.7		9.6	
Total loss ratio				57.2 %	61.2 %	60.4 %	59.7 %	64.9%	62.3 %		61.6 %		61.5 %	
Excess & Surplus Lines														
Current accident year losses greater than \$5 million				— %	— %	— %	— %	—%	— %		— %		— %	
Current accident year losses \$1 million - \$5 million				2.6	5.4	—	3.0	1.6	2.4		1.5		2.5	
Large loss prior accident year reserve development				(1.5)	(2.7)	2.7	1.5	1.2	1.3		1.8		0.6	
Total large loss ratio				1.1 %	2.7 %	2.7 %	4.5 %	2.8%	3.7 %		3.3 %		3.1 %	
Losses incurred but not reported				(4.4)	14.4	(2.6)	(4.5)	0.8	(1.9)		(2.2)		2.4	
Other losses excluding catastrophe losses				37.8	20.5	34.5	26.7	29.1	27.9		30.3		27.7	
Catastrophe losses				0.9	0.4	1.0	0.5	0.2	0.3		0.6		0.5	
Total loss ratio				35.4 %	38.0 %	35.6 %	27.2 %	32.9%	30.0 %		32.0 %		33.7 %	

\*Certain amounts may not add due to rounding. Ratios are calculated based on whole dollar amounts.

Consolidated property casualty data includes results from our Cincinnati Re operations and Cincinnati Global, which was acquired on February 28, 2019.

## Consolidated Property Casualty Loss Claim Count Detail

	Three months ended								Six months ended		Nine months ended		Twelve months ended	
	12/31/20	9/30/20	6/30/20	3/31/20	12/31/19	9/30/19	6/30/19	3/31/19	6/30/20	6/30/19	9/30/20	9/30/19	12/31/20	12/31/19
Consolidated														
Current accident year reported losses greater than \$5 million				—	2	1	2	—	2		2		4	
Current accident year reported losses \$1 million - \$5 million				27	39	35	31	19	50		88		137	
Prior accident year reported losses on large losses				20	9	18	13	10	24		44		55	
Non-Catastrophe reported losses on large losses total				47	50	54	46	29	76		134		196	
Commercial Lines														
Current accident year reported losses greater than \$5 million				—	2	1	2	—	2		2		4	
Current accident year reported losses \$1 million - \$5 million				17	27	27	23	12	35		64		100	
Prior accident year reported losses on large losses				17	8	18	10	7	19		38		49	
Non-Catastrophe reported losses on large losses total				34	37	46	35	19	56		104		153	
Personal Lines														
Current accident year reported losses greater than \$5 million				—	—	—	—	—	—		—		—	
Current accident year reported losses \$1 million - \$5 million				8	8	8	6	6	12		21		30	
Prior accident year reported losses on large losses				3	1	—	1	2	3		3		4	
Non-Catastrophe reported losses on large losses total				11	9	8	7	8	15		24		34	
Excess & Surplus Lines														
Current accident year reported losses greater than \$5 million				—	—	—	—	—	—		—		—	
Current accident year reported losses \$1 million - \$5 million				2	4	—	2	1	3		3		7	
Prior accident year reported losses on large losses				—	—	—	2	1	2		3		2	
Non-Catastrophe reported losses on large losses total				2	4	—	4	2	5		6		9	

\*The sum of quarterly amounts may not equal the full year as each is computed independently.

## Quarterly Property Casualty Data - Commercial Lines

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended								Six months ended		Nine months ended		Twelve months ended	
	12/31/20	9/30/20	6/30/20	3/31/20	12/31/19	9/30/19	6/30/19	3/31/19	6/30/20	6/30/19	9/30/20	9/30/19	12/31/20	12/31/19
<b>Commercial casualty:</b>														
Written premiums				\$ 341	\$ 269	\$ 263	\$ 296	\$ 303	\$ 599		\$ 862		\$ 1,131	
Year over year change %- written premium				13 %	7 %	5 %	2 %	6 %	4 %		4 %		5 %	
Earned premiums				\$ 289	\$ 280	\$ 277	\$ 277	\$ 268	\$ 545		\$ 822		\$ 1,102	
Current accident year before catastrophe losses				65.8 %	67.5 %	66.1 %	67.4 %	66.7 %	67.0 %		66.7 %		66.9 %	
Current accident year catastrophe losses				—	—	—	—	—	—		—		—	
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses				(1.6)	(4.8)	(2.9)	(9.3)	(11.5)	(10.3)		(7.8)		(7.1)	
Prior accident years catastrophe losses				—	—	—	—	—	—		—		—	
Total loss and loss expense ratio				64.2 %	62.7 %	63.2 %	58.1 %	55.2 %	56.7 %		58.9 %		59.8 %	
<b>Commercial property:</b>														
Written premiums				\$ 261	\$ 246	\$ 245	\$ 247	\$ 247	\$ 494		\$ 739		\$ 985	
Year over year change %- written premium				6 %	10 %	6 %	3 %	4 %	3 %		4 %		6 %	
Earned premiums				\$ 249	\$ 249	\$ 241	\$ 234	\$ 234	\$ 468		\$ 709		\$ 958	
Current accident year before catastrophe losses				47.8 %	50.3 %	49.4 %	49.0 %	51.5 %	50.3 %		50.0 %		50.1 %	
Current accident year catastrophe losses				34.2	0.2	15.0	43.5	13.8	28.6		24.0		17.8	
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses				0.7	(1.3)	(1.1)	0.8	1.9	1.3		0.5		0.1	
Prior accident years catastrophe losses				(1.1)	(2.6)	(1.9)	(3.6)	(2.6)	(3.0)		(2.7)		(2.7)	
Total loss and loss expense ratio				81.6 %	46.6 %	61.4 %	89.7 %	64.6 %	77.2 %		71.8 %		65.3 %	
<b>Commercial auto:</b>														
Written premiums				\$ 208	\$ 175	\$ 176	\$ 196	\$ 188	\$ 384		\$ 560		\$ 735	
Year over year change %- written premium				11 %	7 %	10 %	8 %	6 %	7 %		8 %		8 %	
Earned premiums				\$ 185	\$ 183	\$ 179	\$ 175	\$ 170	\$ 345		\$ 524		\$ 707	
Current accident year before catastrophe losses				70.9 %	68.1 %	67.8 %	70.5 %	74.5 %	72.5 %		70.9 %		70.2 %	
Current accident year catastrophe losses				1.2	(0.3)	1.5	1.4	0.3	0.9		1.1		0.7	
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses				3.3	0.7	1.7	1.0	(6.7)	(2.9)		(1.3)		(0.8)	
Prior accident years catastrophe losses				(0.2)	—	(0.1)	—	—	—		(0.1)		—	
Total loss and loss expense ratio				75.2 %	68.5 %	70.9 %	72.9 %	68.1 %	70.5 %		70.6 %		70.1 %	
<b>Workers' compensation:</b>														
Written premiums				\$ 92	\$ 63	\$ 62	\$ 75	\$ 94	\$ 169		\$ 231		\$ 294	
Year over year change %- written premium				(2) %	(6) %	(6) %	(10) %	(1) %	(5) %		(5) %		(5) %	
Earned premiums				\$ 75	\$ 76	\$ 73	\$ 74	\$ 77	\$ 151		\$ 224		\$ 300	
Current accident year before catastrophe losses				81.1 %	85.4 %	81.1 %	78.0 %	78.8 %	78.4 %		79.3 %		80.8 %	
Current accident year catastrophe losses				—	—	—	—	—	—		—		—	
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses				(9.8)	(20.1)	(27.0)	(35.9)	(20.1)	(27.9)		(27.7)		(25.7)	
Prior accident years catastrophe losses				—	—	—	—	—	—		—		—	
Total loss and loss expense ratio				71.3 %	65.3 %	54.1 %	42.1 %	58.7 %	50.5 %		51.6 %		55.1 %	
<b>Other commercial:</b>														
Written premiums				\$ 70	\$ 66	\$ 70	\$ 65	\$ 64	\$ 129		\$ 199		\$ 265	
Year over year change %- written premium				9 %	16 %	8 %	10 %	10 %	10 %		9 %		10 %	
Earned premiums				\$ 65	\$ 64	\$ 64	\$ 63	\$ 61	\$ 124		\$ 188		\$ 252	
Current accident year before catastrophe losses				39.1 %	38.2 %	34.3 %	33.7 %	38.0 %	35.8 %		35.4 %		36.0 %	
Current accident year catastrophe losses				0.1	0.1	(0.2)	0.3	0.4	0.3		0.1		0.1	
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses				1.7	(3.3)	(2.1)	(1.9)	(4.1)	(3.0)		(2.7)		(2.8)	
Prior accident years catastrophe losses				0.2	(0.3)	0.8	—	0.2	0.1		0.3		0.2	
Total loss and loss expense ratio				41.1 %	34.7 %	32.8 %	32.1 %	34.5 %	33.2 %		33.1 %		33.5 %	

\*Dollar amounts shown are rounded to millions; certain amounts may not add due to rounding. Ratios are calculated based on whole dollar amounts. The sum of quarterly amounts may not equal the full year as each is computed independently.

## Quarterly Property Casualty Data - Personal Lines

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended							Six months ended		Nine months ended		Twelve months ended		
	12/31/20	9/30/20	6/30/20	3/31/20	12/31/19	9/30/19	6/30/19	3/31/19	6/30/20	6/30/19	9/30/20	9/30/19	12/31/20	12/31/19
<b>Personal auto:</b>														
Written premiums				\$ 137	\$ 141	\$ 166	\$ 173	\$ 140	\$ 313		\$ 479		\$ 620	
Year over year change %- written premium				(2)%	— %	(2)%	— %	— %	— %		— %		— %	
Earned premiums				\$ 154	\$ 155	\$ 156	\$ 155	\$ 155	\$ 310		\$ 466		\$ 621	
Current accident year before catastrophe losses				69.4 %	70.8 %	70.2 %	73.8 %	76.2 %	75.0 %		73.4 %		72.7 %	
Current accident year catastrophe losses				2.1	0.4	1.2	1.8	0.5	1.1		1.1		1.0	
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses				(8.1)	(1.7)	(2.0)	(9.4)	(3.3)	(6.3)		(4.9)		(4.1)	
Prior accident years catastrophe losses				(0.4)	—	(0.1)	(0.2)	—	(0.1)		(0.1)		(0.1)	
Total loss and loss expense ratio				63.0 %	69.5 %	69.3 %	66.0 %	73.4 %	69.7 %		69.5 %		69.5 %	
<b>Homeowner:</b>														
Written premiums				\$ 140	\$ 152	\$ 173	\$ 176	\$ 130	\$ 306		\$ 479		\$ 631	
Year over year change %- written premium				8 %	8 %	7 %	8 %	7 %	8 %		7 %		7 %	
Earned premiums				\$ 159	\$ 157	\$ 154	\$ 149	\$ 147	\$ 296		\$ 450		\$ 607	
Current accident year before catastrophe losses				53.5 %	55.7 %	60.9 %	53.1 %	51.9 %	52.5 %		55.3 %		55.5 %	
Current accident year catastrophe losses				23.8	21.7	14.0	22.6	23.2	22.9		19.9		20.3	
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses				(8.7)	(2.2)	1.0	4.5	2.0	3.3		2.5		1.3	
Prior accident years catastrophe losses				(2.3)	(0.5)	(0.8)	(2.2)	5.7	1.7		0.9		0.5	
Total loss and loss expense ratio				66.3 %	74.7 %	75.1 %	78.0 %	82.8 %	80.4 %		78.6 %		77.6 %	
<b>Other personal:</b>														
Written premiums				\$ 42	\$ 43	\$ 49	\$ 53	\$ 39	\$ 92		\$ 141		\$ 184	
Year over year change %- written premium				8 %	5 %	7 %	15 %	10 %	13 %		11 %		10 %	
Earned premiums				\$ 46	\$ 46	\$ 44	\$ 44	\$ 42	\$ 86		\$ 130		\$ 176	
Current accident year before catastrophe losses				50.5 %	60.9 %	51.4 %	51.5 %	33.6 %	42.7 %		45.7 %		49.6 %	
Current accident year catastrophe losses				4.6	2.9	4.3	4.7	5.6	5.1		4.8		4.3	
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses				6.3	(5.9)	(6.4)	(7.7)	(6.1)	(6.9)		(6.7)		(6.5)	
Prior accident years catastrophe losses				(0.6)	(0.5)	(0.7)	0.4	0.1	0.2		(0.1)		(0.2)	
Total loss and loss expense ratio				60.8 %	57.4 %	48.6 %	48.9 %	33.2 %	41.1 %		43.7 %		47.2 %	

## Quarterly Property Casualty Data - Excess & Surplus Lines

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended								Six months ended		Nine months ended		Twelve months ended	
	12/31/20	9/30/20	6/30/20	3/31/20	12/31/19	9/30/19	6/30/19	3/31/19	6/30/20	6/30/19	9/30/20	9/30/19	12/31/20	12/31/19
<b>Excess &amp; Surplus:</b>														
Written premiums				\$ 85	\$ 80	\$ 74	\$ 78	\$ 71	\$ 149		\$ 223		\$ 303	
Year over year change %- written premium				20 %	23 %	25 %	22 %	16 %	19 %		21 %		22 %	
Earned premiums				\$ 78	\$ 76	\$ 72	\$ 67	\$ 63	\$ 130		\$ 202		\$ 278	
Current accident year before catastrophe losses				55.7 %	54.3 %	57.6 %	50.8 %	55.5 %	53.1 %		54.7 %		54.6 %	
Current accident year catastrophe losses				0.5	—	0.6	0.7	0.3	0.5		0.5		0.4	
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses				0.7	(0.4)	(6.0)	(6.2)	(4.2)	(5.2)		(5.5)		(4.1)	
Prior accident years catastrophe losses				0.5	0.5	0.5	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.1)		0.1		0.2	
Total loss and loss expense ratio				57.4 %	54.4 %	52.7 %	45.1 %	51.5 %	48.3 %		49.8 %		51.1 %	

\*Dollar amounts shown are rounded to millions; certain amounts may not add due to rounding. Ratios are calculated based on whole dollar amounts. The sum of quarterly amounts may not equal the full year as each is computed independently.

## Consolidated Property Casualty Loss and Loss Expense Analysis

(Dollars in millions)

	Paid losses	Paid loss expense	Total paid	Change in case reserves	Change in IBNR reserves	Change in loss expense reserves	Total change in reserves	Case incurred	IBNR incurred	Loss expense incurred	Total incurred
<b>Gross loss and loss expense incurred for the three months ended March 31, 2020</b>											
Commercial casualty	\$ 113	\$ 45	\$ 158	\$ 14	\$ 1	\$ 11	\$ 26	\$ 127	\$ 1	\$ 56	\$ 184
Commercial property	188	18	206	(36)	40	(3)	1	152	40	15	207
Commercial auto	109	26	135	(12)	24	(8)	4	97	24	18	139
Workers' compensation	41	10	51	(3)	6	(1)	2	38	6	9	53
Other commercial	23	4	27	(11)	4	9	2	12	4	13	29
Total commercial lines	474	103	577	(48)	75	8	35	426	75	111	612
Personal auto	87	26	113	(7)	4	(11)	(14)	80	4	15	99
Homeowners	73	12	85	(3)	26	(3)	20	70	26	9	105
Other personal	15	2	17	4	7	—	11	19	7	2	28
Total personal lines	175	40	215	(6)	37	(14)	17	169	37	26	232
Excess & surplus lines	24	9	33	10	(3)	8	15	34	(3)	17	48
Other	42	2	44	(5)	3	—	(2)	37	3	2	42
Total property casualty	\$ 715	\$ 154	\$ 869	\$ (49)	\$ 112	\$ 2	\$ 65	\$ 666	\$ 112	\$ 156	\$ 934
<b>Ceded loss and loss expense incurred for the three months ended March 31, 2020</b>											
Commercial casualty	\$ (1)	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Commercial property	44	—	44	(40)	(1)	—	(41)	4	(1)	—	3
Commercial auto	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Workers' compensation	4	—	4	(2)	(1)	(1)	(4)	2	(1)	(1)	—
Other commercial	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Total commercial lines	48	—	48	(41)	(2)	(1)	(44)	7	(2)	(1)	4
Personal auto	1	—	1	2	(1)	—	1	3	(1)	—	2
Homeowners	1	—	1	(2)	—	—	(2)	(1)	—	—	(1)
Other personal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total personal lines	2	—	2	—	(1)	—	(1)	2	(1)	—	1
Excess & surplus lines	1	—	1	1	1	—	2	2	1	—	3
Other	1	—	1	(1)	(4)	—	(5)	—	(4)	—	(4)
Total property casualty	\$ 52	\$ —	\$ 52	\$ (41)	\$ (6)	\$ (1)	\$ (48)	\$ 11	\$ (6)	\$ (1)	\$ 4
<b>Net loss and loss expense incurred for the three months ended March 31, 2020</b>											
Commercial casualty	\$ 114	\$ 45	\$ 159	\$ 13	\$ 1	\$ 11	\$ 25	\$ 127	\$ 1	\$ 56	\$ 184
Commercial property	144	18	162	4	41	(3)	42	148	41	15	204
Commercial auto	109	26	135	(12)	24	(8)	4	97	24	18	139
Workers' compensation	37	10	47	(1)	7	—	6	36	7	10	53
Other commercial	22	4	26	(11)	4	9	2	11	4	13	28
Total commercial lines	426	103	529	(7)	77	9	79	419	77	112	608
Personal auto	86	26	112	(9)	5	(11)	(15)	77	5	15	97
Homeowners	72	12	84	(1)	26	(3)	22	71	26	9	106
Other personal	15	2	17	4	7	—	11	19	7	2	28
Total personal lines	173	40	213	(6)	38	(14)	18	167	38	26	231
Excess & surplus lines	23	9	32	9	(4)	8	13	32	(4)	17	45
Other	41	2	43	(4)	7	—	3	37	7	2	46
Total property casualty	\$ 663	\$ 154	\$ 817	\$ (8)	\$ 118	\$ 3	\$ 113	\$ 655	\$ 118	\$ 157	\$ 930

\*Dollar amounts shown are rounded to millions; certain amounts may not add due to rounding.

Other data includes results from our Cincinnati Re operations and Cincinnati Global, which was acquired on February 28, 2019.

## Quarterly Property Casualty Data - Consolidated

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended								Six months ended		Nine months ended		Twelve months ended	
	12/31/20	9/30/20	6/30/20	3/31/20	12/31/19	9/30/19	6/30/19	3/31/19	6/30/20	6/30/19	9/30/20	9/30/19	12/31/20	12/31/19
<b>Premiums</b>														
Agency renewal written premiums				\$ 1,198	\$ 1,084	\$ 1,119	\$ 1,186	\$ 1,130	\$ 2,316		\$ 3,435		\$ 4,519	
Agency new business written premiums				215	193	192	212	181	393		585		778	
Other written premiums				105	31	40	78	70	148		188		219	
Net written premiums				\$ 1,518	\$ 1,308	\$ 1,351	\$ 1,476	\$ 1,381	\$ 2,857		\$ 4,208		\$ 5,516	
Unearned premium change				(129)	66	25	(159)	(114)	(273)		(248)		(182)	
Earned premiums				\$ 1,389	\$ 1,374	\$ 1,376	\$ 1,317	\$ 1,267	\$ 2,584		\$ 3,960		\$ 5,334	
<b>Year over year change %</b>														
Agency renewal written premiums				6%	5%	3%	3%	4%	4%		3%		4%	
Agency new business written premiums				19	22	25	17	14	16		18		19	
Other written premiums				50	nm	nm	333	338	335		395		nm	
Net written premiums				10	11	8	9	10	10		9		10	
<b>Paid losses and loss expenses</b>														
Losses paid				\$ 663	\$ 677	\$ 703	\$ 677	\$ 692	\$ 1,369		\$ 2,072		\$ 2,748	
Loss expenses paid				154	131	127	121	132	253		380		512	
Loss and loss expenses paid				\$ 817	\$ 808	\$ 830	\$ 798	\$ 824	\$ 1,622		\$ 2,452		\$ 3,260	
<b>Incurred losses and loss expenses</b>														
Loss and loss expense incurred				\$ 930	\$ 835	\$ 864	\$ 863	\$ 790	\$ 1,653		\$ 2,517		\$ 3,352	
Loss and loss expenses paid as a % of incurred				87.7%	96.8%	96.1%	92.5%	104.3%	98.1%		97.4%		97.3%	
<b>Statutory combined ratio</b>														
Loss ratio				56.1%	49.6%	52.1%	55.7%	52.5%	54.1%		53.4%		52.5%	
Loss adjustment expense ratio				11.3	11.3	11.0	9.9	10.1	10.1		10.4		10.6	
Net underwriting expense ratio				29.2	32.1	31.2	29.3	28.9	29.1		29.8		30.3	
US Statutory combined ratio				96.6%	93.0%	94.3%	94.9%	91.5%	93.3%		93.6%		93.4%	
Contribution from catastrophe losses				9.1	3.3	5.3	10.0	5.8	7.9		7.1		6.0	
Statutory combined ratio excl. catastrophe losses				87.5%	89.7%	89.0%	84.9%	85.7%	85.4%		86.5%		87.4%	
<b>GAAP combined ratio</b>														
GAAP combined ratio				98.5%	91.6%	94.2%	96.5%	93.0%	94.8%		94.6%		93.8%	
Contribution from catastrophe losses				9.1	3.3	5.3	10.0	5.8	7.9		7.1		6.0	
GAAP combined ratio excl. catastrophe losses				89.4%	88.3%	88.9%	86.5%	87.2%	86.9%		87.5%		87.8%	

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\*nm - Not meaningful

\*Statutory ratios exclude the results of Cincinnati Global, which was acquired on February 28, 2019.

Consolidated property casualty data includes the results of Cincinnati Re and Cincinnati Global.

## Quarterly Property Casualty Data - Commercial Lines

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended								Six months ended		Nine months ended		Twelve months ended	
	12/31/20	9/30/20	6/30/20	3/31/20	12/31/19	9/30/19	6/30/19	3/31/19	6/30/20	6/30/19	9/30/20	9/30/19	12/31/20	12/31/19
<b>Premiums</b>														
Agency renewal written premiums				\$ 842	\$ 719	\$ 713	\$ 767	\$ 799	\$ 1,566		\$ 2,279		\$ 2,998	
Agency new business written premiums				154	129	124	137	120	257		381		510	
Other written premiums				(24)	(29)	(21)	(25)	(23)	(48)		(69)		(98)	
Net written premiums				\$ 972	\$ 819	\$ 816	\$ 879	\$ 896	\$ 1,775		\$ 2,591		\$ 3,410	
Unearned premium change				(109)	33	18	(56)	(86)	(142)		(124)		(91)	
Earned premiums				\$ 863	\$ 852	\$ 834	\$ 823	\$ 810	\$ 1,633		\$ 2,467		\$ 3,319	
<b>Year over year change %</b>														
Agency renewal written premiums				5 %	4 %	2%	1 %	4 %	2 %		2 %		2 %	
Agency new business written premiums				28	28	32	16	15	16		21		22	
Other written premiums				(4)	15	5	(25)	(10)	(17)		(10)		(1)	
Net written premiums				8	8	5	3	5	4		4		5	
<b>Paid losses and loss expenses</b>														
Losses paid				\$ 426	\$ 418	\$ 417	\$ 394	\$ 436	\$ 830		\$ 1,247		\$ 1,665	
Loss expenses paid				103	91	89	85	92	178		266		358	
Loss and loss expenses paid				\$ 529	\$ 509	\$ 506	\$ 479	\$ 528	\$ 1,008		\$ 1,513		\$ 2,023	
<b>Incurred losses and loss expenses</b>														
Loss and loss expense incurred				\$ 608	\$ 489	\$ 510	\$ 550	\$ 481	\$ 1,031		\$ 1,541		\$ 2,030	
Loss and loss expenses paid as a % of incurred				87.0 %	104.1 %	99.2%	87.1 %	109.8 %	97.8 %		98.2 %		99.7 %	
<b>Statutory combined ratio</b>														
Loss ratio				57.5 %	44.8 %	49.3%	56.5 %	48.5 %	52.5 %		51.5 %		49.7 %	
Loss adjustment expense ratio				12.9	12.6	11.9	10.3	10.9	10.6		11.0		11.5	
Net underwriting expense ratio				28.9	32.8	32.7	30.2	28.9	29.6		30.6		31.1	
Statutory combined ratio				99.3 %	90.2 %	93.9%	97.0 %	88.3 %	92.7 %		93.1 %		92.3 %	
Contribution from catastrophe losses				9.8	(0.7)	4.1	11.7	3.3	7.5		6.4		4.5	
Statutory combined ratio excl. catastrophe losses				89.5 %	90.9 %	89.8%	85.3 %	85.0 %	85.2 %		86.7 %		87.8 %	
<b>GAAP combined ratio</b>														
GAAP combined ratio				102.5 %	88.8 %	93.4%	98.6 %	90.8 %	94.7 %		94.3 %		92.9 %	
Contribution from catastrophe losses				9.8	(0.7)	4.1	11.7	3.3	7.5		6.4		4.5	
GAAP combined ratio excl. catastrophe losses				92.7 %	89.5 %	89.3%	86.9 %	87.5 %	87.2 %		87.9 %		88.4 %	

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\*nm - Not meaningful

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## Quarterly Property Casualty Data - Personal Lines

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended								Six months ended		Nine months ended		Twelve months ended	
	12/31/20	9/30/20	6/30/20	3/31/20	12/31/19	9/30/19	6/30/19	3/31/19	6/30/20	6/30/19	9/30/20	9/30/19	12/31/20	12/31/19
<b>Premiums</b>														
Agency renewal written premiums				\$ 294	\$ 309	\$ 356	\$ 365	\$ 282	\$ 647		\$ 1,003		\$ 1,312	
Agency new business written premiums				34	36	40	47	35	82		122		158	
Other written premiums				(9)	(9)	(8)	(10)	(8)	(18)		(26)		(35)	
Net written premiums				\$ 319	\$ 336	\$ 388	\$ 402	\$ 309	\$ 711		\$ 1,099		\$ 1,435	
Unearned premium change				40	22	(34)	(54)	35	(19)		(53)		(31)	
Earned premiums				\$ 359	\$ 358	\$ 354	\$ 348	\$ 344	\$ 692		\$ 1,046		\$ 1,404	
<b>Year over year change %</b>														
Agency renewal written premiums				4 %	5 %	4 %	7 %	7 %	7 %		6 %		6 %	
Agency new business written premiums				(3)	(5)	(5)	2	(10)	(4)		(4)		(4)	
Other written premiums				(13)	(13)	(14)	(43)	(33)	(38)		(30)		(25)	
Net written premiums				3	4	3	6	4	5		4		4	
<b>Paid losses and loss expenses</b>														
Losses paid				\$ 173	\$ 205	\$ 221	\$ 217	\$ 209	\$ 426		\$ 647		\$ 850	
Loss expenses paid				40	29	29	27	31	58		87		116	
Loss and loss expenses paid				\$ 213	\$ 234	\$ 250	\$ 244	\$ 240	\$ 484		\$ 734		\$ 966	
<b>Incurred losses and loss expenses</b>														
Loss and loss expense incurred				\$ 231	\$ 251	\$ 244	\$ 240	\$ 250	\$ 490		\$ 734		\$ 985	
Loss and loss expenses paid as a % of incurred				92.2 %	93.2 %	102.0 %	101.7 %	96.0 %	98.8 %		100.0 %		98.1 %	
<b>Statutory combined ratio</b>														
Loss ratio				57.2 %	61.2 %	60.4 %	59.7 %	64.9 %	62.3 %		61.6 %		61.5 %	
Loss adjustment expense ratio				6.9	9.0	8.8	9.2	7.6	8.4		8.5		8.7	
Net underwriting expense ratio				32.1	30.7	28.2	27.3	30.7	28.8		28.6		29.1	
Statutory combined ratio				96.2 %	100.9 %	97.4 %	96.2 %	103.2 %	99.5 %		98.7 %		99.3 %	
Contribution from catastrophe losses				10.7	9.7	6.7	10.0	13.3	11.6		10.0		9.9	
Statutory combined ratio excl. catastrophe losses				85.5 %	91.2 %	90.7 %	86.2 %	89.9 %	87.9 %		88.7 %		89.4 %	
<b>GAAP combined ratio</b>														
GAAP combined ratio				94.3 %	99.3 %	99.6 %	98.9 %	101.3 %	100.1 %		99.9 %		99.8 %	
Contribution from catastrophe losses				10.7	9.7	6.7	10.0	13.3	11.6		10.0		9.9	
GAAP combined ratio excl. catastrophe losses				83.6 %	89.6 %	92.9 %	88.9 %	88.0 %	88.5 %		89.9 %		89.9 %	

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\*nm - Not meaningful

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## Quarterly Property Casualty Data - Excess & Surplus Lines

(Dollars in millions)	Three months ended								Six months ended		Nine months ended		Twelve months ended	
	12/31/20	9/30/20	6/30/20	3/31/20	12/31/19	9/30/19	6/30/19	3/31/19	6/30/20	6/30/19	9/30/20	9/30/19	12/31/20	12/31/19
<b>Premiums</b>														
Agency renewal written premiums				\$ 62	\$ 56	\$ 50	\$ 54	\$ 49	\$ 103		\$ 153		\$ 209	
Agency new business written premiums				27	28	28	28	26	54		82		110	
Other written premiums				(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(8)		(12)		(16)	
Net written premiums				\$ 85	\$ 80	\$ 74	\$ 78	\$ 71	\$ 149		\$ 223		\$ 303	
Unearned premium change				(7)	(4)	(2)	(11)	(8)	(19)		(21)		(25)	
Earned premiums				\$ 78	\$ 76	\$ 72	\$ 67	\$ 63	\$ 130		\$ 202		\$ 278	
<b>Year over year change %</b>														
Agency renewal written premiums				27%	12%	14 %	8 %	2 %	5 %		8 %		9 %	
Agency new business written premiums				4	47	56	65	63	64		61		57	
Other written premiums				—	—	(33)	(33)	(33)	(33)		(33)		(23)	
Net written premiums				20	23	25	22	16	19		21		22	
<b>Paid losses and loss expenses</b>														
Losses paid				\$ 23	\$ 14	\$ 16	\$ 10	\$ 18	\$ 28		\$ 43		\$ 57	
Loss expenses paid				9	9	8	7	8	15		23		33	
Loss and loss expenses paid				\$ 32	\$ 23	\$ 24	\$ 17	\$ 26	\$ 43		\$ 66		\$ 90	
<b>Incurred losses and loss expenses</b>														
Loss and loss expense incurred				\$ 45	\$ 41	\$ 39	\$ 29	\$ 33	\$ 62		\$ 101		\$ 142	
Loss and loss expenses paid as a % of incurred				71.1%	56.1%	63.2 %	53.5 %	78.8 %	68.8 %		65.3 %		63.4 %	
<b>Statutory combined ratio</b>														
Loss ratio				35.4%	38.0%	35.6 %	27.2 %	32.9 %	30.0 %		32.0 %		33.7 %	
Loss adjustment expense ratio				22.0	16.4	17.1	17.9	18.6	18.3		17.9		17.4	
Net underwriting expense ratio				28.8	29.1	29.6	28.5	28.5	28.4		28.8		28.9	
Statutory combined ratio				86.2%	83.5%	82.3 %	73.6 %	80.0 %	76.7 %		78.7 %		80.0 %	
Contribution from catastrophe losses				1.0	0.5	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.4		0.6		0.6	
Statutory combined ratio excl. catastrophe losses				85.2%	83.0%	81.2 %	73.1 %	79.8 %	76.3 %		78.1 %		79.4 %	
<b>GAAP combined ratio</b>														
GAAP combined ratio				89.1%	82.9%	83.2 %	76.1 %	83.5 %	79.7 %		80.9 %		81.5 %	
Contribution from catastrophe losses				1.0	0.5	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.4		0.6		0.6	
GAAP combined ratio excl. catastrophe losses				88.1%	82.4%	82.1 %	75.6 %	83.3 %	79.3 %		80.3 %		80.9 %	

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\*nm - Not meaningful

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# Consolidated Cincinnati Insurance Companies

## Statutory Statements of Income

(Dollars in millions)	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2020	2019	Change	% Change
<b>Underwriting income</b>				
Net premiums written	\$ 1,481	\$ 1,361	\$ 120	9
Unearned premium change	119	104	15	14
<b>Earned premiums</b>	\$ 1,362	\$ 1,257	\$ 105	8
Losses incurred	\$ 764	\$ 660	\$ 104	16
Defense and cost containment expenses incurred	81	72	9	13
Adjusting and other expenses incurred	74	55	19	35
Other underwriting expenses incurred	430	390	40	10
Workers compensation dividend incurred	3	3	—	—
<b>Total underwriting deductions</b>	\$ 1,352	\$ 1,180	\$ 172	15
<b>Net underwriting profit</b>	\$ 10	\$ 77	\$ (67)	(87)
<b>Investment income</b>				
Gross investment income earned	\$ 105	\$ 102	\$ 3	3
<b>Net investment income earned</b>	103	100	3	3
Net realized capital gains and losses, net	(46)	3	(49)	nm
<b>Net investment gains (net of tax)</b>	\$ 57	\$ 103	\$ (46)	(45)
<b>Other income</b>	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ —	—
Net income before federal income taxes	\$ 69	\$ 182	\$ (113)	(62)
Federal and foreign income taxes incurred	5	24	(19)	(79)
<b>Net income (statutory)</b>	\$ 64	\$ 158	\$ (94)	(59)
<b>Policyholders' surplus - statutory</b>	\$ 4,740	\$ 5,169	\$ (429)	(8)
<b>Fixed maturities at amortized cost - statutory</b>	\$ 7,346	\$ 7,172	\$ 174	2

\*Dollar amounts shown are rounded to millions; certain amounts may not add due to rounding.

\*nm - Not meaningful

\*Statutory data prepared in accordance with statutory accounting rules as defined by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and filed with the appropriate regulatory bodies.

**The Cincinnati Life Insurance Company**  
**Statutory Statements of Income**

(Dollars in millions)	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2020	2019	Change	% Change
Net premiums written	\$ 77	\$ 72	\$ 5	7
Net investment income	43	39	4	10
Amortization of interest maintenance reserve	—	1	(1)	(100)
Commissions and expense allowances on reinsurance ceded	1	1	—	—
Income from fees associated with separate accounts	—	1	(1)	(100)
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>\$ 121</b>	<b>\$ 114</b>	<b>\$ 7</b>	<b>6</b>
Death benefits and matured endowments	\$ 31	\$ 33	\$ (2)	(6)
Annuity benefits	22	24	(2)	(8)
Disability benefits and benefits under accident and health contracts	1	1	—	—
Surrender benefits and group conversions	6	5	1	20
Interest and adjustments on deposit-type contract funds	2	2	—	—
Increase in aggregate reserves for life and accident and health contracts	21	24	(3)	(13)
<b>Total benefit expenses</b>	<b>\$ 83</b>	<b>\$ 89</b>	<b>\$ (6)</b>	<b>(7)</b>
Commissions	\$ 13	\$ 13	\$ —	—
General insurance expenses and taxes	13	13	—	—
Increase in loading on deferred and uncollected premiums	8	—	8	nm
Net transfers from separate accounts	—	(1)	1	(100)
<b>Total underwriting expenses</b>	<b>\$ 34</b>	<b>\$ 25</b>	<b>\$ 9</b>	<b>36</b>
Federal and foreign income taxes incurred	1	1	—	—
<b>Net gain (loss) from operations before capital gains and losses</b>	<b>\$ 3</b>	<b>\$ (1)</b>	<b>\$ 4</b>	<b>nm</b>
Gains and losses net of capital gains tax, net	(33)	—	(33)	nm
<b>Net loss (statutory)</b>	<b>\$ (30)</b>	<b>\$ (1)</b>	<b>\$ (29)</b>	<b>nm</b>
<b>Policyholders' surplus - statutory</b>	<b>\$ 201</b>	<b>\$ 187</b>	<b>\$ 14</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Fixed maturities at amortized cost - statutory</b>	<b>3,468</b>	<b>3,361</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>3</b>

\*Dollar amounts shown are rounded to millions; certain amounts may not add due to rounding.

\*nm - Not meaningful

\*Statutory data prepared in accordance with statutory accounting rules as defined by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and filed with the appropriate regulatory bodies.

## Quarterly Data - Other

(Dollars in millions)								Three months ended		Six months ended		Nine months ended		Twelve months ended	
	12/31/20	9/30/20	6/30/20	3/31/20	12/31/19	9/30/19	6/30/19	3/31/19		6/30/20	6/30/19	9/30/20	9/30/19	12/31/20	12/31/19
<b>Cincinnati Re:</b>															
Written premiums				\$ 105	\$ 36	\$ 35	\$ 73	\$ 84		\$ 157		\$ 192		\$ 228	
Year over year change %- written premium				25 %	29 %	(3)%	52 %	83 %		67 %		48 %		44 %	
Earned premiums				\$ 62	\$ 50	\$ 48	\$ 46	\$ 40		\$ 86		\$ 134		\$ 184	
Current accident year before catastrophe losses				47.6 %	43.9 %	55.6 %	51.3 %	54.3 %		52.7 %		53.7 %		51.1 %	
Current accident year catastrophe losses				—	20.5	17.3	—	—		—		6.3		10.1	
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses				3.1	2.2	1.2	(3.7)	6.2		0.9		1.0		1.3	
Prior accident years catastrophe losses				6.3	0.2	(7.9)	8.7	(0.3)		4.5		—		0.1	
Total loss and loss expense ratio				57.0 %	66.8 %	66.2 %	56.3 %	60.2 %		58.1 %		61.0 %		62.6 %	
<b>Cincinnati Global:</b>															
Written premiums				\$ 37	\$ 37	\$ 38	\$ 44	\$ 21		\$ 65		\$ 103		\$ 140	
Year over year change %- written premium				76 %											
Earned premiums				\$ 27	\$ 38	\$ 68	\$ 33	\$ 10		\$ 43		\$ 111		\$ 149	
Current accident year before catastrophe losses				63.7 %	39.6 %	44.6 %	75.5 %	103.9 %		82.6 %		59.3 %		54.3 %	
Current accident year catastrophe losses				—	4.8	19.4	9.8	—		7.3		14.7		12.2	
Prior accident years before catastrophe losses				(19.5)	(0.2)	(2.9)	(8.5)	(84.0)		(27.3)		(12.3)		(9.2)	
Prior accident years catastrophe losses				(3.2)	9.1	(4.2)	(22.5)	4.3		(15.8)		(8.7)		(4.2)	
Total loss and loss expense ratio				41.0 %	53.3 %	56.9 %	54.3 %	24.2 %		46.8 %		53.0 %		53.1 %	
<b>Noninsurance operations:</b>															
Interest and fees on loans and leases				\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 2		\$ 3		\$ 4		\$ 5	
Other revenue				1	1	2	1	—		1		3		4	
Interest expense				13	13	14	13	13		26		40		53	
Operating expenses				5	6	5	4	8		12		17		23	
Total noninsurance operations loss				\$ (16)	\$ (17)	\$ (16)	\$ (15)	\$ (19)		\$ (34)		\$ (50)		— \$ (67)	

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\*Cincinnati Global was acquired on February 28, 2019. Noninsurance operations include the noninvestment operations of the parent company and a noninsurance subsidiary, CFC Investment Company.